الميد الاول

Choose the best answer among the multiple choices, then fill the table in the second page with your answers.

1) Operating systems for mainframes (multiple users) should he designed to......

A. maximize resource utilization. C. run without user intervention.

B. increase battery life. D. increase individual usability.

2) An operating system can be divided into four components including hardware.

A. True. B. False.

3) System calls change mode to then the return from calls reset it to mode.

A. kernel, kernel C. kernel, user

B. user, kernel D. user, user

4) Protection is an operating system service which involves the following:

A. Utilizing resources efficiently.

B. Ensuring that all access to system resources is controlled.

C. Requiring user authentication extends to defending external I/O devices from invalid access attempts.

D. Ensuring that communication is under the control of the users processes not the operating system.

5) is/are not a technique for passing parameters from an application to a system call.

A. Cache memory B. Stack

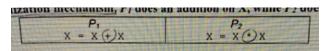
C. Registers D. Special block in memory

6) The multithreading model multiplexes many user-level threads to a smaller or equal number of kernel threads.

A. many-to-one model C. many-to-many model

B. one-to-one model D. many-to-some model

- 7) Modern operating systems are said to be driven.
- A. Program C. interrupt
- B. trap D. exception
- 8) Kernels are generally multithreaded.
- A. True. B. False.
- 9) Which of the following describes the relationship between independent processes?
- A. They do not affect or be affected by other processes executing in the system.
- B. They can affect or be affected by other processes in the system.
- C. They require intercommunication between each other.
- D. B and C.
- 10) Which of the following is Not True?
- A. Processes carry a large amount of state information compared to threads.
- B. Process creation is faster than thread creation.
- C. Processes have separate address spaces.
- D. Context switching between processes is slower than between threads.
- 11) Assuming that there are two processes P1 and P2, both share variable X without using any synchronization mechanism, P1 does an addition on X, while P2 does a multiplication on X.



The above description is an example situation of

A. race condition C. synchronization

B. mutual exclusion D. bounded waiting

- 12) A Correct order of process's states over time is
- A. New --> running --> waiting --> terminated.
- B. New --> ready --> running --> waiting.

C. New>	waiting> running> termina	ated.
D. New>	ready> running> terminat	ed.
13) Which	of the following components is	s responsible for giving control o
the CPU to	the selected process?	
A. Dispato	her	C. CPU scheduler
B. ALU		D. Kernel
	Semaphores allow multiple pr multaneously.	ocesses to access their critical
A. True		B. False
I. Fill in th	e blank.	
	a fundamental unit of CPU util aded computer systems.	ization that forms the basis of
II. What a	re the two types of Parallelism?	
Fill in the	blanks (A and B) in the followin	g test and set instruction code.
boolean to	est_and_set (boolean *target)	
	{	
	boolean rv = *target;	
	*target =	.; (A)
	return;(B)	
}		

Consider four processes Pa, Pb, Pc, and Pd with the burst times 8, 5, 1, 6 ms, respectively. All the processes arrived at time 0, with the order Pa, Pb, Pc, Pd.

process	Burst time
Pa	8
Pb	5
Рс	1
Pd	6

1. Draw the Gantt chart of the processes' execution if the CPU scheduling
algorithm is SJF.
2. Draw the Gantt chart of the processes' execution if the CPU scheduling
algorithm is RR given the time quantum q = 5 ms.
3. Find the average waiting time using both algorithms? Specify which
algorithm is better?

الميد الثاني

Choose the best answer among the multiple choices, then fill the above table with your answers.

1) In which of the following CPU scheduling algorithms, the convoy effect may happen?

A. FCFS

B. SJF

C. RR

D. None of the above

- 2) The following statements are correct EXCEPT
- A. system is in safe state when no deadlock is found.
- B. When a system allocates resources to some processes, that system is safe.
- C. A system is unsafe when there are one or more deadlocks.
- D. Initially, a system is in a safe state.
- 3) A memory management scheme that permits the physical address space of a process to be non-contiguous is.....

A. Paging

C. Contiguous allocation

B. Swapping

D. Thrashing

- 4) In demand paging, which of the following statement is incorrect?
- A. Never swaps a page into memory unless that page is needed.
- B. With each page table entry, a valid-invalid bit is needed.
- C. When a page has invalid bit value, the OS will always abort the process of that page,
- D. First reference to an invalid page will result in page fault.
- 5) Suppose a program is operating with execution-time binding and the physical address generated is 300. The relocation register is set to 100. What is the corresponding logical address?

A. 300

B. 100

F

C. 400

D) 200

6) The memory allocator is be	tter than in terms of speed.
A. first-fit; worst-fit	
B. best-fit; first-fit	
C. first-fit; best-fit;	
D. A and C	
7) In comparing two CPU scheduling	algorithms, the algorithm with lower
throughput is considered a better al	gorithm.
A. True	B. False
Answer the following questions:	a page is on backing store
I. Fill in the blanks in steps 2 and	
5 as shown in the right figure of	operating system 2
page fault handling steps.	To The second of
	COM W
(2)	restart page table
(5)	0
(3)	treng in minung page
	Physica
II. List to benefits of having several p	processes in the main memory
simultaneously	
	
	the size of the process Is 20500 bytes,
Determine the size of the internal Fr	agmentation, if any.
	

Consider the following snapshot of a system.

	A	lloc	ate	d	Max				Available			
	A	В	C	D	A	В	C	D	A	В	c	D
P0	0	0	1	2	0	6	5	6	1	5	2	0
P1	1	0	0	0	1	7	5	0				
P2	1	3	5	4	2	3	5	6				
P3	0	6	3	2	0	_6	5	_2_				
P4	0	0	1	4	0	0	1	5				

I. what la the need for the process, P0 and P3?
II. if a request from process P1 arrives for (1, 0, 0, 0), can the request be
granted immediately? why?
iii. if a request from process P4 arrives for (0, 0, 0, 1), can the request be
granted immediately? why?